

STATEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS

Demolition Existing Building, Tree removals, and Proposed Double Storey Dwelling With Detached Secondary Dwellings and Retaining walls with associated site work

ΑT

#11, Robb Street, Revesby, LOT-32 D.P 22184

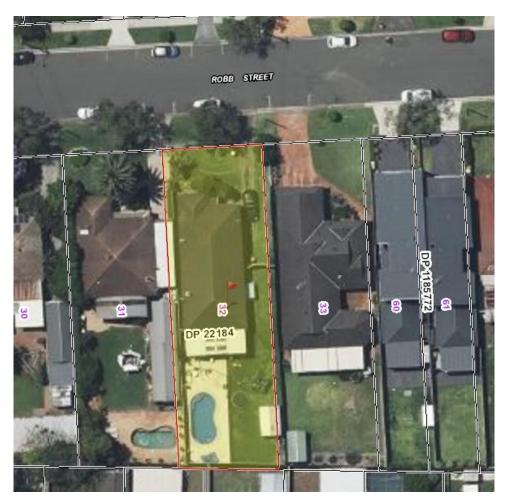
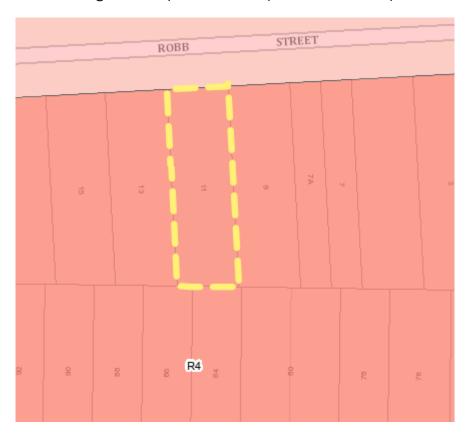


IMAGE SOURCE SIX MAPS

INTRODUCTION

This Statement of Environmental Effects (SEE) has been prepared for the applicant seeking an approval for construction of a **Double Storey Dwelling with Secondary Dwelling** at No. **11, Robb Street, Revesby, NSW.** The site is legally described as **Lot 32 D.P. 22184** and has an area of **747.3 sqm** and a frontage of 15.240m. The gradient of the site shows a moderate fall to Front left corner of the site, a difference of approximately 0.5m across the site. The gradient of the land is consistent with variation to the RL.

The site is within zone R4- High Density Residential pursuant to the provisions of LEP.



SOURCE: Planning portal

This Statement accompanies architectural plans prepared by **Innovative Eco Designs**, Project Number **2502 810**, Issue A, and supporting documentation as required by Council.

This report assesses the proposed development against the relevant matters for consideration under Section 4.15 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 and includes the following planning controls: -

- CanterburyBankstown Local Environmental Plan 2023
- Canterbury-Bankstown Development Control Plan 2023 (Chapter 5.1 Former Bankstown LGA, Section 2)
- Canterbury-Bankstown Development Control Plan 2023 (Chapter 5.1 Former Bankstown LGA, Section 3)
- Canterbury-Bankstown Development Control Plan 2023(Chapter 5.1 Former Bankstown LGA, Section 11)Livable Housing Design Guidelines

THE SITE AND SURROUNDING

The subject allotment is known as No. 11, Robb Street, Revesby, NSW and is legally described as Lot-32 D.P.22184. The site has an area of 747.3m². The site is zoned R4 – High Density Residential under the Local Environment Plan (2023). The property is neither in a heritage conservation area or heritage listed and nor is it located within close proximity to any such items.

The gradient of the site shows a fall towards front of the property, a difference of approximately 0.5m across the site. The gradient of the land is consistent with variation to the RL. The site has frontage of 15.240 m at the building line to Robb Street. Vehicular access to the site is achieved via Robb Street.

At present, the site has an Existing Single Storey house. The Single Storey house with swimming pool and shed which is completely demolished and removed to construct the new proposal.

The neighboring property is a Single Storey Brick House



IMAGE SOURCE GOOGLE MAPS



IMAGE SOURCE GOOGLE MAPS

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The proposed development involves

- Demolition of the existing single storey house, Swimming pool, shed
- Tree Removal
- Site works including cutting and filling. (Shown on architectural plans)
- Construction of a Double Storey Dwelling.
- Construction of Secondary Dwelling(granny) house.
- New Stormwater infrastructure (Stormwater Drainage plan provided)

Specifically, the proposal seeks approval for the following works: -

GROUND FLOOR PLAN

As detailed in the attached architectural plans the proposed dwelling will be comprised of the following at ground level;

- Porch
- Garage with storage
- Lounge
- One Bedroom with attached Ensuite & Walk-in
- Linen
- Powder
- Laundry
- Kitchen & Pantry
- Dining
- Family
- Storage Under Staircase
- Alfresco

Secondary Dwelling (Granny)

- Porch
- Lounge
- Two Bedroom with Robe
- Bath & Laundry
- Kitchen
- Alfresco

FIRST FLOOR PLAN

Proposed dwelling will be comprised of the following at First Floor Level

- One Bedroom with Robe and Study
- One bedroom with attached Shared Bathroom& Walk-in and opens onto Front Balcony as well
- One Bedroom with Attached Walk-in & Ensuite
- Master bedroom with attached Ensuite, Walk-inand Rear Balcony as well
- Rumpus
- Wetbar
- Linen

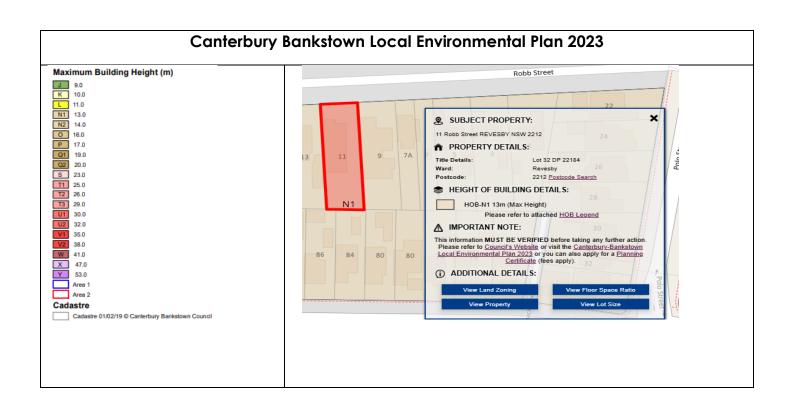
COMPLIANCE WITH CANTERBURYBANKSTOWN

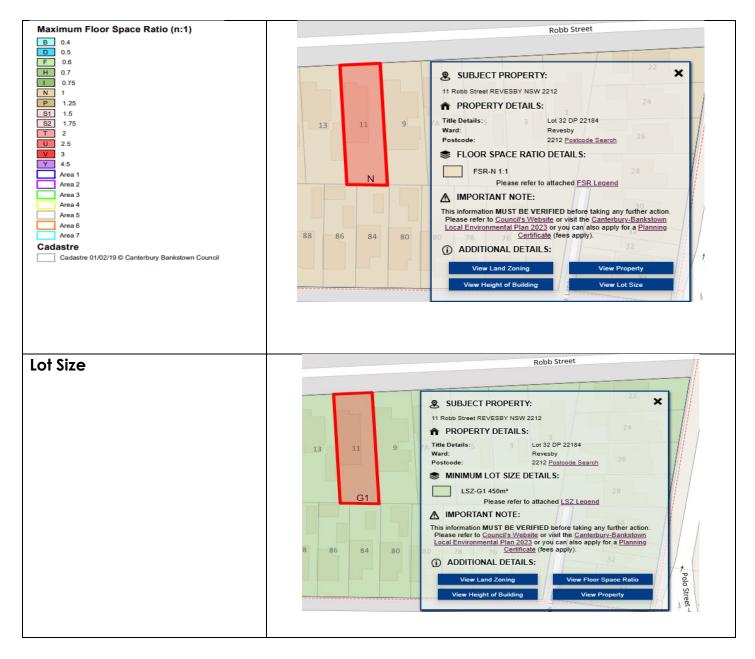
LOCAL ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN 2023

Clause	Proposal	Compliance
1.1 Name of Plan	This Plan is Canterbury Bankstown Local Environmental Plan 2023.	
Aims of Plan (1) This Plan aims to make local environmental planning provisions for land in Bankstown in accordance with the relevant standard environmental planning instrument under section 3.20 of the Act. (2) The particular aims of this Plan are as follows— (aa) to protect and promote the use and development of land for arts and cultural activity, including music and other performance arts, (a) to manage growth in a way that contributes to the sustainability of Canterbury Bankstown and recognizes the needs and aspirations of the community, (b) to protect and enhance the landform and vegetation, especially foreshores and bushland, in a way that maintains the biodiversity values and landscape amenity of Canterbury Bankstown, (c) to identify, conserve and protect the	The main aim of this application is to facilitate the housing choice/availability by constructing a double-storey dwelling with a Detached Secondary dwelling.	Yes

(d)	heritage of Canterbury Bankstown, to provide development opportunities that are compatible with the prevailing suburban character and amenity of residential areas of		
(e)	Canterbury Bankstown, to restrict development on land that is sensitive to urban and natural hazards,		
(f)	to provide a range of housing opportunities to cater for changing demographics and		
(g)	population needs, to provide a range of business and industrial opportunities to encourage local		
(h)	employment and economic growth, to create vibrant town centers by focusing employment and residential		
(i)	uses around existing centers and public transport, to provide a range of recreational and community service opportunities to meet the needs of residents of and visitors to		
(i)	Canterbury Bankstown, to achieve good urban design in terms of site layouts, building form, streetscape, architectural roof features and public and private safety,		
(k)	to ensure activities that may generate intensive car usage and traffic are located near public transport that runs		
(1)	frequently to reduce dependence on cars and road traffic, to consider the cumulative impact of		
	development on the health of the natural environment and waterways and on the capacity of infrastructure and the road network,		
(m)	to support healthy living and enhance the quality of life and the social well- being and amenity of the community,		
(n) (o)	to ensure development is accompanied by appropriate infrastructure, to promote ecologically sustainable		
	development.		
Clause	1.3 – Land to which Plan applies	The subject site is land governed by the plan.	Yes
Clause	2.1 Land use zones	As discussed above, the proposed	Yes
	d use zones under this Plan are as follows— ntial Zones	development satisfies the zone objectives and is a permissible land use i.e. double-story dwelling	
R1 Gene	ral Residential	with Detached Secondary	
R2 Low Density Residential		Dwellings with the development consent from the Council on the	
R3 Mediu	um Density Residential	site.	
R4 High [Density Residential		
	inimum subdivision lot Size nimum lot size required is 450 m² as per Lot ap	N/A	NA
	4.3– Height of Buildings aximum building height permissible is 13m	The Proposal has a maximum building height of less than 9m	Yes

Clause 4.4 – Floor space ratio 1:1	The Proposal site Floor space ratio	Yes
·	is 428.68 sqm (57.36%)	
Clause 5.6 Architectural roof features 1) The objectives of this clause are as follows— (a) to enable minor roof features to exceed the maximum height for a building, (b) to provide opportunities for architectural roof features that form an integral part of the building's design. (2) Development that includes an architectural roof feature that exceeds, or causes a building to exceed, the height limits set by clause 4.3 may be carried out, but only with development consent. (3) Development consent must not be granted to any such development unless the consent authority is satisfied that— (a) the architectural roof feature— i. comprises a decorative element on the uppermost portion of a building, and ii. is not an advertising structure, and iii. does not include floor space area and is not reasonably capable of modification to include floor space area, and iv. will cause minimal overshadowing, and (b) any building identification signage or equipment for servicing the building (such as plant, lift motor rooms, fire stairs and the like) contained in or supported by the roof feature is fully integrated into the design of the roof	Roof features are contained within the prescribed building height	
feature.		
Clause 5.10 – Heritage conservation	The subject site is not within heritage conservation or has a local/state heritage item that is listed.	N/A
5.11 Bush fire hazard reduction	The proposed site is clear of bush fire.	N/A
5.21 Flood planning	The proposed site is not floodaffected.	Yes





Canterbury-Bankstown Development Control Plan 2023

(Amended August 2024)

Chapter 5 Residential Accommodation (Chapter 5.1-Former Bankstown LGA)

Section 2- Dwelling Houses

S.No	Required	Proposed	Achieved
	Storey limit		
2.1	The storey limit for dwelling houses is two storeys.	2 storey	Yes
2.2	The siting of dwelling houses and landscape works must be compatible with the existing slope and contours of the site and any adjoining sites. Council does not allow any development that involves elevated platforms on columns; or excessive or unnecessary terracing, rock excavation, retaining walls or	Proposed dwelling is compatible.	Yes

	reclamation.		
	Fill		
2.3	Any reconstituted ground level on the site within the ground floor perimeter of dwelling houses must not exceed a height of 1m above the ground level (existing). For the purposes of this clause, the ground floor perimeter includes the front porch.	fill proposed with in the building footprint and is less than 1 m.	Yes
2.4	Any reconstituted ground level on the site outside of the ground floor perimeter of dwelling houses must not exceed a height of 600mm above the ground level (existing) of an adjoining site. For the purposes of this clause, the ground floor perimeter includes the front porch.	No fill proposed outside the building footprint.	Yes
	Setback restrictions		
2.5	The erection of secondary dwellings is prohibited within 9 mof an existing animal boarding or training establishment.	No animal boarding or training establishment with in 9m.	N/A
	Street Setbacks		
2.6	The minimum setback for a building wall to the primary street	G.F7.01m	
	frontage is: a) 5.5 m for the first storey (i.e. the ground floor); and b) 6.5 m for the second storey.	FF7.01m	
2.7	The minimum setback to the secondary road frontage is:	No Secondary Road	N/A
	a) 3m for a building wall; and b) 5.5m for a garage or carport that is attached to the building wall.	,	·
	Side Setback		
2.8	For the portion of the building wall that has a wall height less than or equal to 7m, the minimum setback to the side and rear boundaries of the allotment is 0.9m.	G.F.Side-1m &1.66m FF. Side-1m & 1.66m Rear-18.008m	Yes
2.9	For the portion of the building wall that has a wall height greater than 7m, the minimum setback to the side boundary of the site is 1.5m. Council may vary this requirement where a second storey addition to an existing dwelling house demonstrates it must use the ground floor walls for structural support.	N/A	N/A
2.10	The basement level must not project beyond the ground floor perimeter of the dwelling house. For the purposes of this clause, the ground floor perimeter includes the front porch.	No Basement	N/A
	Private Open Space		
2.11	Dwelling houses must provide a minimum 80m² of private open space behind the front building line. This may be in the form of a single area or a sum of areas provided the minimum width of each area is 5m throughout.	222.11m²	Yes
	Access to Sunlight		
2.12	At least one living area must receive a minimum 3 hours of sunlight between 8.00am and 4.00pm at the mid–winter solstice. Council may allow light wells and skylights to supplement this access to sunlight provided these building elements are not the primary source of sunlight to the living areas.	Living area face towards the North and have bigger windows which receive a minimum 3 hour of sunlight between 8.00am and 4.00pm at the mid-winter solstice	Yes

2.13 At least one living area of a dwelling on an adjoining allotment must receive a minimum 3 hours of sunlight between 8.00am and 4.00pm at the mid-winter solstice. Where this requirement cannot be met, the development must not result with additional overshadowing on the affected living areas of the dwelling. 2.14 A minimum 50% of the private open space required for the principal dwelling on the allotment and a minimum 50% of the private open space of a dwelling on an adjoining allotment must receive at least 3 hours of sunlight between 9.00am and 5.00pm at the equinox. Where this requirement cannot be met for a dwelling on an adjoining allotment, the development must not result with additional overshadowing on the affected private open space. 2.15 Development should avoid overshadowing any existing solar hot water system, photovoltaic panel or other solar collector on the site and neighbouring sites. Visual Privacy 2.16 Where development proposes a window that directly looks into the living area or bedroom window of an existing dwelling, the development must: a) offset the windows between dwellings to minimize overlooking; or	Yes Yes N/A Yes
principal dwelling on the allotment and a minimum 50% of the private open space of a dwelling on an adjoining allotment must receive at least 3 hours of sunlight between 9.00am and 5.00pm at the equinox. Where this requirement cannot be met for a dwelling on an adjoining allotment, the development must not result with additional overshadowing on the affected private open space. 2.15 Development should avoid overshadowing any existing solar hot water system, photovoltaic panel or other solar collector on the site and neighbouring sites. 2.16 Where development proposes a window that directly looks into the living area or bedroom window of an existing dwelling, the development must: a) offset the windows between dwellings to minimize adjoining dwelling and adjoining dwelling window does not intersect each other.	N/A
water system, photovoltaic panel or other solar collector on the site and neighbouring sites. Visual Privacy 2.16 Where development proposes a window that directly looks into the living area or bedroom window of an existing dwelling, the development must: a) offset the windows between dwellings to minimize a does not have a photovoltaic panel. The proposed dwelling and existing adjoining dwelling window does not intersect each other.	
2.16 Where development proposes a window that directly looks into the living area or bedroom window of an existing dwelling, the development must: a) offset the windows between dwellings to minimize The proposed dwelling and existing adjoining dwelling window does not intersect each other.	Yes
the living area or bedroom window of an existing dwelling, the development must: a) offset the windows between dwellings to minimize dwelling and existing adjoining dwelling window does not intersect each other.	Yes
b) provide the window with a minimum sill height of 1.5 m above floor level; or c) ensure the window cannot open and has obscure glazing to a minimum height of 1.5 m above floor level; or d) use another form of screening to the satisfaction of Council. Proposed first floor level window have minimum 1.5m above floor level.	
2.17 Where development proposes a window that directly looks into the private open space of an existing dwelling, the window does not require screening where: a) the window is to a bedroom, bathroom, toilet, laundry, storage room, or other non-habitable room; or b) the window has a minimum sill height of 1.5 m above floor level; or c) the window has translucent glazing to a minimum height of 1.5 m above floor level; or d) the window is designed to prevent overlooking of more than 50% of the private open space of a lower-level or adjoining dwelling.	Yes
2.18 Council may allow dwelling houses to have an upper floor side or rear balcony solely where the balcony is not accessible from a living area or hallway, and the balcony design: a) does not have an external staircase; and b) does not exceed a width of 1.5 m throughout; and c) incorporates a form of screening to the satisfaction of Council such as partially recessing the balcony is only accessible from Master Bedroom and have privacy screen on both side of the balcony	Yes
2.19 Council does not allow dwelling houses to have roof-top balconies and the like. Does not have any roof-top balconies top balconies	N/A
Building design	
2.20 The maximum roof pitch for attached secondary dwellings is 35 degrees.	Yes

2.21	Council may allow attached secondary dwellings to have an attic provided the attic design:	No attic proposed.	N/A
	 a) accommodates no more than two small rooms (for the purposes of a bedroom and/or study) and a bathroom plus an internal link to the storey below; and b) ensures the attic does not give the external appearance of a storey. 		
2.22	The design of domers must:	No Domers designed.	
	 a) be compatible with the form and pitch of the roof; and b) must not project above the ridgeline of the main roof; and c) must not exceed a width of 2 m; and d) the number of dormers must not dominate the roof plane. 		
2.23	Development in the foreshore protection area (refer to map in Appendix 1) must use non-reflective materials that are compatible with the natural characteristics and colours of the area (such as olive green, grey and dark brown).		
	Building design (Car parking)		
2.24	Development on land bounded by Birdwood Road, Bellevue Avenue and Rex Road in Georges Hall must: (a) comply with the road pattern shown in Appendix 2; and (b) ensure vehicle access from Balmoral Crescent to land at 107–	N/A	N/A
	113 Rex Road in Georges Hall is provided for no more than 10 dwellings as shown in Appendix 3.		
2.25	Development must locate the car parking spaces behind the front building line with at least one covered car parking space for weather protection. Despite this clause, Council may allow one car parking space to locate forward of the front building line provided: (a) the car parking space forward of the front building line is uncovered and located in a stacked arrangement on the	Double Garage Proposed. (2 covered car space proposed behind the building line)	Yes
	driveway in front of the covered car parking space; and (b) the covered car parking space is setback a minimum 6 m from the primary and secondary street frontages.		
2.26	Despite clause 2.25, Council may consider a single carport forward of the front building line of an existing dwelling house solely where: (a) there is no existing garage on the site; (b) there is no side or rear vehicle access to the site; (c) the site does not contain a heritage item or is not within a heritage conservation area or local character area; (d) the site is in the vicinity of existing, approved carports on adjacent sites that are forward of the front building line; (e) the maximum width of the single carport is 3m; (f) it is of a simple posted design, with no side panel infill; (g) there is no solid panel lift or roller shutter door proposed; (h) the carport is setback a minimum 1m from the primary and secondary street frontages;	N/A	N/A
	(i) the carport achieves a high quality design and has a roof		

	design that is compatible with the dwelling house		
2.27	Where development proposes a garage with up to two car parking spaces facing the street, Council must ensure the garage architecturally integrates with the development and does not dominate the street facade.	Garage is architecturally integrated with the upper storey with covered balcony, rooms and other architectural features	Yes
2.28	Where development proposes a garage with more than two car parking spaces facing the street, Council must consider the architectural merit of the development and may allow the garage provided: (a) the building is at least two storeys in height, and (b) the garage is architecturally integrated with the upper storey by: (i) ensuring the garage does not project more than 3 m forward of the upper storey street facade; and (ii) designing a covered balcony, rooms or other architectural features of the upper storey to extend over the garage roof. This clause prevails where there is a numerical inconsistency with another clause in this chapter of the DCP.	Only 2 Car space	N/A
	Landscaping		
2.29	Development must retain and protect any significant trees on the allotment and adjoining allotments. To achieve this clause, the development may require a design alteration or a reduction in the size of the dwelling house.	As New Crossover is proposed so due to this the tree must be removed.	N/A
2.30	Development must landscape the following areas on the site by way of trees and shrubs with preference given to native vegetation endemic to Canterbury-Bankstown (refer to the Landscape Guide for a list of suitable species): (a) a minimum 45% of the area between the dwelling house and the primary street frontage; and (b) a minimum 45% of the area between the dwelling house and the secondary street frontage; and (c) plant at least one 75 litre tree between the dwelling house and the primary street frontage (refer to the Landscape Guide for a list of suitable trees in Canterbury-Bankstown); and (d) for development in the foreshore protection area (refer to map in Appendix 1), plant native trees with a mature height greater than 12m adjacent to the waterbody.	57.03m² (53.38%) landscape area forward building line 75litre tree is proposed in front of the house.	Yes

Chapter 5 Residential Accommodation (Chapter 5.1-Former Bankstown LGA) Section 3- Secondary Dwellings

S.No	Required	Proposed	Achieved
	Lot size		
3.1	A secondary dwelling is permissible on a site with a minimum lot size of 450m ²	747.3m²	Yes
	Site cover		

3.2	Council must not consent to development for the purpose of secondary dwellings unless:	54.29m²	Yes
	a) the total floor area of the principal dwelling and the secondary dwelling is no more than the maximum floor area allowed for a dwelling house on the land under an environmental planning instrument and		
	b) the total floor area of the secondary dwelling is no more than 60m2 or, if a greater floor area is permitted in respect of a secondary dwelling on the land under an environmental planning instrument, that greater floor area.		
	Storey limit (not including basements)		
3.3	The storey limit for attached secondary dwelling is two storeys	N/a	N/a
3.4	The storey limit for detached secondary dwelling is single storey and the maximum wall height is 3m	3m	Yes
3.5	The siting of secondary dwellings and landscape works must be compatible with the existing slope and contours of the site and any adjoining sites. Council does not allow any development that involves elevated platforms on columns; or excessive or unnecessary terracing, rock excavation, retaining walls or reclamation	The dwelling is Compatible	Yes
	Fill		
3.6	Any reconstituted ground level on the site within the ground floor perimeter of secondary dwellings must not exceed a height of 1m above the ground level (existing). For the purposes of this clause, the ground floor perimeter includes the front porch.	Fill is proposed within the building footprint and is less than 1 m.	Yes
3.7	Any reconstituted ground level on the site outside of the ground floor perimeter of secondary dwellings must not exceed a height of 600mm above the ground level (existing). For the purposes of this clause, the ground floor perimeter includes the front porch.	Nofill proposed outside the building footprint.	Yes
	Setback restrictions		
3.8	The erection of secondary dwellings is prohibited within 9m of an existing animal boarding or training establishment.	No animal boarding or training establishment with in 9m.	Yes
	Street setbacks		
3.9	The minimum setback for a building wall to the primary street frontage is:	N/a	Yes
	a) 5.5m for the first storey (i.e. the ground floor); andb) 6.5m for the second storey.		
3.10	The minimum setback to the secondary road frontage is:	No Secondary Road	N/A
	 a) 3m for a building wall; and b) 5.5m for a garage or carport that is attached to the building wall. 		
	Side setbacks		
3.11	For the portion of the building wall that has a wall height less than or equal to 7 m, the minimum setback to the side and rear boundaries of the allotment is 0.9 metre.	G.F.Side-1m &3.81m Rear-0.93m	Yes
3.12	For the portion of the building wall that has a wall height greater than 7m, the minimum setback to the side boundary of the site is 1.5m. Council may vary this requirement where a second storeyaddition to an existing dwelling house demonstrates it must	N/A	N/A

	use the ground floor walls for structural support.		
	Private Open Space		
3.13	Secondary dwellings must not result in the principal dwelling on the site having less than the required landscaped area and private open space	Principal dwelling have more than required landscape and private open space	Yes
	Access to Sunlight		
3.14	At least one living area must receive a minimum 3 hours of sunlight between 8.00am and 4.00pm at the mid-winter solstice. Council may allow light wells and skylights to supplement this access to sunlight provided these building elements are not the primary source of sunlight to the living areas.	Living area face towards the North and have bigger windows which receive a minimum 3 hour of sunlight between 8.00am and 4.00pm at the mid-winter solstice	Yes
3.15	At least one living area of a dwelling on an adjoining allotment must receive a minimum 3 hours of sunlight between 8.00am and 4.00pm at the mid-winter solstice. Where this requirement cannot be met, the development must not result with additional overshadowing on the affected living areas of the dwelling.	adjoining dwelling receives 3 hour sunlight in family area around 8-12 pm.	Yes
3.16	A minimum 50% of the private open space required for the principal dwelling on the allotment and a minimum 50% of the private open space of a dwelling on an adjoining allotment must receive at least 3 hours of sunlight between 9.00am and 5.00pm at the equinox. Where this requirement cannot be met for a dwelling on an adjoining allotment, the development must not result with additional overshadowing on the affected private open space.	All principal dwelling, secondary dwelling and adjoining dwelling Private open space receive 3hr sunlight between 9-5pm	Yes
	Visual Privacy		
3.17	Where development proposes a window that directly looks into the living area or bedroom window of an existing dwelling, the development must: e) offset the windows between dwellings to minimize overlooking; or f) provide the window with a minimum sill height of 1.5 mabove floor level; or g) ensure the window cannot open and has obscure glazing to a minimum height of 1.5 mabove floor level; or h) use another form of screening to the satisfaction of Council.	Secondary dwelling is single storey so its does not overlook adjoining properties	Yes
3.18	Where development proposes a window that directly looks into the private open space of an existing dwelling, the window does not require screening where: e) the window is to a bedroom, bathroom, toilet, laundry, storage room, or other non-habitable room; or f) the window has a minimum sill height of 1.5 mabove floor level; or g) the window has translucent glazing to a minimum height of 1.5 mabove floor level; or h) the window is designed to prevent overlooking of more than 50% of the private open space of a lower-level or adjoining dwelling.	Secondary dwelling is single storey so its does not overlook adjoining properties	Yes
3.19	Council may allow dwelling houses to have an upper floor side or rear balcony solely where the balcony is not accessible from a living area or hallway, and the balcony design: d) does not have an external staircase; and e) does not exceed a width of 1.5 mthroughout; and f) incorporates a form of screening to the satisfaction of Council such as partially recessing the balcony into the building.	Secondary dwelling is single storey so its does not overlook adjoining properties	Yes

3.20	Council does not allow dwelling houses to have roof-top balconies and the like.	Does not have any roof- top balconies	N/A
	Building design		
3.21	The maximum roof pitch for attached secondary dwellings is 35 degrees.	15 degrees	Yes
3.22	Council may allow attached secondary dwellings to have an attic provided the attic design: c) accommodates no more than two small rooms (for the purposes of a bedroom and/or study) and a bathroom plus an internal link to the storey below; and d) ensures the attic does not give the external appearance of a storey.	No attic proposed.	N/A
3.23	The design of domers must: e) be compatible with the form and pitch of the roof; and f) must not project above the ridgeline of the main roof; and g) must not exceed a width of 2 m; and h) the number of dormers must not dominate the roof plane.	No Domers designed.	X∕a
3.24	The maximum roof pitch for detached secondary dwellings is 25 degrees. An attic or basement is not permitted as part of the dwelling.	15 degrees	Yes
3.25	Development in the foreshore protection area (refer to map in Appendix 1) must use non–reflective materials that are compatible with the natural characteristics and colours of the area (such as olive green, grey and dark brown).		
3.26	The change of use of outbuildings to secondary dwellings must comply with the National Construction Code.	Its proposed as a secondary dwelling as per NCC	Yes
	Building design		
3.27	Secondary dwellings must not result in the principal dwelling on the site having less than the required car parking spaces.	Principal dwelling achieve car park spaces	Yes
	Landscape		
3.28	Development must retain and protect any significant trees on the site and adjoining sites. To achieve this clause, the development may require a design alteration or a reduction in the size of the secondary dwelling	No tree with in the site	Yes

Chapter-5 Residential Accommodation (Chapter 5.1-Former Bankstown LGA) Section 11- Livable housing

Silver Level

1	Dwelling access	
	Performance Statement: -There is a safe, continuous,	
	step-free pathway from the street entrance and/or	

	parking area to a dwelling entrance that is level.		
a.	Provide a safe, continuous, step-free pathway from the frontboundary of the property to an entry door to the dwelling. This provision does not apply where the average slope 1:14	Site gradually slope to the front corner and access will be easily achievable	Complies
b.	The path of travel referred to in (a) should have a minimum clearwidth of 1000mm and have: i. no steps; ii. an even, firm, slip resistant surface; iii. a crossfall of not more than 1:40; iv. a maximum pathway slope of 1:14 Where ramps are required they should have landings providedat no greater than 9m for a 1:14 ramp and no greater than 15m for ramps steeper than 1:20. Landings should be no less than 1200mm in length.	Access to the main door is from porch	Complies
C.	The path of travel referred to in (a) may be provided via anassociated car parking space for the dwelling. Where a car parkingspace is relied upon as the safe and continuous pathway to thedwelling entrance, the space should incorporate: i. minimum dimensions of at least 3200mm (width) x 5400mm(length); ii. an even, firm and slip resistant surface; and iii. a level surface (1:40 maximum gradient, 1:33 maximumgradient for bitumen).	Double garage is provided for car parking (6.00x5.96)	Complies
d.	A step ramp may be incorporated at an entrance doorway where there is a change in height of 190mm or less. The step ramp should provide: i. a maximum gradient of 1:10 ii. a minimum clear width of 1000mm (please note: width shouldreflect the pathway width) iii. a maximum length of 1900mm	Accessible Entrance is from porch	Complies
e. 2	Where a ramp is part of the pathway, level landings no less than 1200mmin length, exclusive of the swing of the door or gate than opens onto them, must be provided at the head and foot of the ramp.	Landing is not required	N/A
2	Dwelling entrance		

	Performance Statement:-There is at least one level (step-free) entrance into the dwelling to enable home occupants to easilyenter and exit the dwelling.	Accessible Entrance is from the Porch	Complies
a.	The dwelling should provide an entrance door with - i. a minimum clear opening width of 820mm	The proposed entrance is from the Porch which have	Complies
	(see Figure 2(a));	1.5m door	
	ii. a level (step-free) transition and threshold (maximumvertical tolerance of 5mm between abutting surfaces isallowable provided the lip is rounded or beveled); and		
	iii. reasonable shelter from the weather		
b.	A level landing area of at least 1200mm x 1200mm should be provided at the level (step free) entrance door. A level landingarea at the entrance door should be provided on the arrival side	No landing needed	N/A
	of the door (i.e. the external side of the door) to allow a personto safely stand and then open the door.		
C.	Where the threshold at the entrance exceeds 5mm and isless than 56mm, a ramped threshold may be provided (seeFigure 1(b)).	The porch has ramped threshold to the dwelling to provide step-free	Complies
d.	The level (step-free) entrance should be connected to the safeand continuous pathway as specified in Element 1.	There is no step inside the house.	Complies
3	Internal doors & corridors		
	Performance Statement:-Internal doors and corridors facilitate comfortableand unimpeded movement between spaces.		
a.	Doorways to rooms on the entry level used for living, dining, bedroom, bathroom, kitchen, laundry and sanitarycompartment purposes should provide:	All internal doors are 820 mm wide	Complies
	i. a minimum clear opening width of 820mm (see Figure		
	2(a)); and		
	ii. a level transition and threshold (maximum vertical		
	tolerance of 5mm between abutting surfaces is		
	allowable provided the lip is rounded or beveled).		
b.	Internal corridors/passageways to the doorways	Corridor is 1380mm	Complies

	referred to in	wide in the house	
	(a) should provide a minimum clear width of 1000mm.		
	* Corridor widths should be measured as described in Clause 6.3 of AS 1428.1 – 2009		
4	Toilet		
	Performance Statement:-The ground (or entry) level has a toilet to support		Complies
	easy access for home occupants and visitors.		
	Dwellings should have a toilet on the ground (or entry) level	The proposed toilet on the ground floor	Complies
	that provides:	level complies all the points	
	i. a minimum clear width of 900mm between the walls of the bathroom if located in a separate room; and		
	ii. a minimum 1200mm clear circulation space forward of the toilet pan exclusive of the swing of the door inaccordance with Figure 3(a).	Grab rails can be installed as the toilet	
	iii. The toilet pan should be located in the corner of theroom (if the toilet is located in a combined toilet /bathroom) to enable installation of grabrails at a futuredate.		
	Reinforcement guidelines for walls in bathroomsand toilets are found in element 6.		
5	Shower		
	Performance Statement:-The bathroom and shower is designed for easyand independent access for all home occupants.		
	One bathroom should feature a slip resistant, hoblessshowerrecess. Shower screens are permitted provided they can be easilyremoved at a later date.	Hob less showers noted on the plans	Complies
	The shower recess should be located in the corner of the room toenable the installation of grabrails at a future date.	The proposed shower is located on the corner, and garb rail is proposed	Complies
	For hoblessspecification please see Australian Standard AS3740-3.6.	Noted	Noted
	Reinforcement guidelines for walls in bathrooms and toilets are found inelement 6.		
6	Reinforcement of bathroom& toilet walls		

	Performance Statement:-The bathroom and toilet walls are built to enable grab rails to be safely and economically installed.	Noted	Noted
	Except for walls constructed of solid masonry or concrete, the walls around the shower, bath (if provided) and toilet should be reinforced		
	to provide a fixing surface for the safe installation of grab rails.		
	The walls around the toilet are to be reinforced by installing:	Noted	Noted
	i. c in accordance with Figure 6(a); or		
	ii. sheeting with a thickness of at least 12mm in accordance with Figure 6(b).		
	The walls around the bath are to be reinforced by installing:	Noted	Noted
	i. noggings with a thickness of at least 25mm in accordance with Figure 7(a); or		
	ii. sheeting with a thickness of at least 12mm in accordance with Figure 7(b).		
	The walls around the hobless shower recess are to be	Noted	Noted
	reinforced		
	by installing:		
	i. noggings with a thickness of at least 25mm in accordance with Figure 8(a); or		
	ii. sheeting with a thickness of at least 12mm in accordance with Figure 8(b).		
7	Internal stairways		
	Performance Statement:-Where installed, stairways are designed to reduce		
	the likelihood of injury and also enable safety pathway.		
	Stairways in dwellings must feature:	Hand rail is provided next to the staircase	N/A
	i. a continuous handrail on one side of the stairway where there is a rise of more than 1 m.	TIGNITIO THE STUITCUSE	
8	Kitchen space		
	Performance Statement:-The kitchen space is designed to support ease of		
	movement between fixed benches and to support		

	easy adaptation.		
	No requirements.	N/A	N/A
9	Laundry space		
	Performance Statement:-The laundry space is designed to support ease of		
	movement between fixed benches and to support easy adaptation.		
	No requirements.	N/A	N/A
10	Ground (or entry level)bedroom		
	space		
	Performance Statement:-There is a space on the ground (or entry) level that		
	can be used as a bedroom		
	No requirements.	N/A	N/A
11	Switches and PowerPoints		
	Performance Statement:-Light switches and PowerPoints are located		
	at heights that are easy to reach for allhome occupants.		
	No requirements.	N/A	N/A
12	Door and tap hardware		
	Performance Statement:-Home occupants are able to easily and		
	independently open and close doors and safelyuse tap hardware.		
	No requirements.	N/A	N/A
13	Family/living room space		
	Performance Statement:-The family/living room features clear space		
	to enable the home occupant to move in andaround the room with ease.		
	No requirements.	N/A	N/A
14	Window sills		
	Performance Statement:-Windows sills are installed at a height that enables		

	home occupants to view the outdoor space fromeither a seated or standing position.		
	No requirements.	N/A	N/A
15	Flooring		
	Performance Statement:-Floor coverings are slip-resistant to reduce the likelihood of slips, trips and falls in the home.		
	No requirements.	N/A	N/A

CONCLUSION

The proposed development has been designed to meet all of the objectives and requirements of the planning instructions, code and guidelines. This we believe has been achieved both in spit and intent. The development as proposed will assist toward fulfils all perceived requirements within the site. It is believed the proposed development is in keeping with stated objectives.

- For the orderly, economic and optimum utilization of urban land, whilst preserving and enhancing the amenity and environmental character in the municipality.
- Widen the range of its use in the area.
- To promote the more efficient use of existing services.

We feel that this proposal will have no adverse effects to the character of the area in the immediate vicinity and seek council to consider this application.

BHAVNA SHARMA